TICStudyRI

Tick-Borne Illness & Clothing Study

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University of Rhode Island Center for Vector-Borne Disease



National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health



Lone Star Tick *Amblyomma americanum*

THE R. LEWIS



University of Rhode Island Center for Vector-Borne Disease

Blacklegged (Deer) Tick Ixodes scapularis



Our Study

Study Design

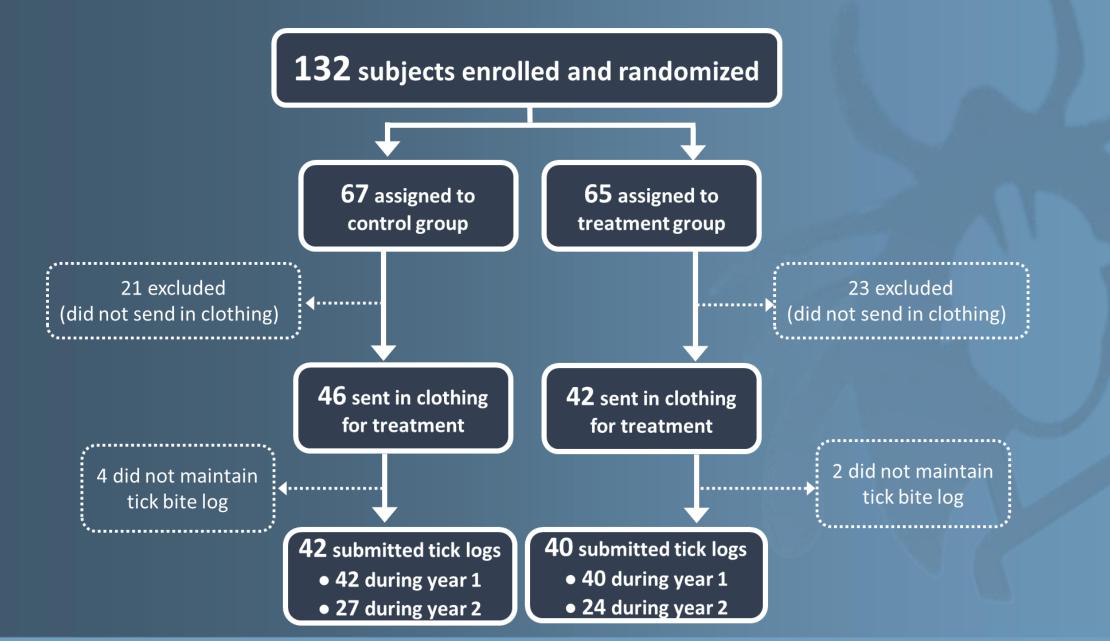
- 2 years
- 82 workers
- 2 groups
- Weekly reporting
- Participants
 - Qualifications
 - Agencies and businesses

Our Study

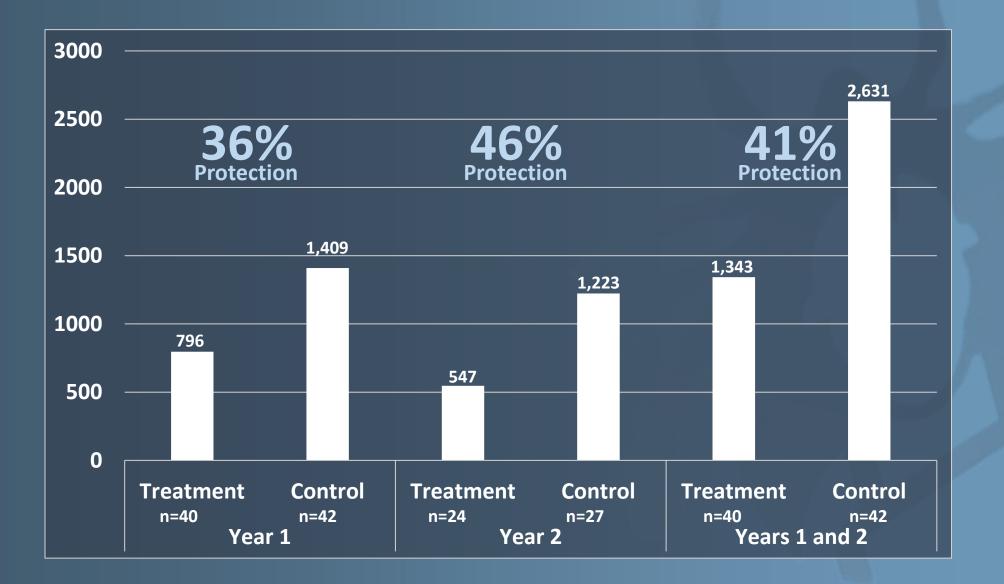
Methods

- Block randomized study IDs
- Enrollment
- Clothing mailed
- Weekly SurveyMonkey surveys
- Tick testing
- Follow-up surveys and blood samples
- Clothing bioassays

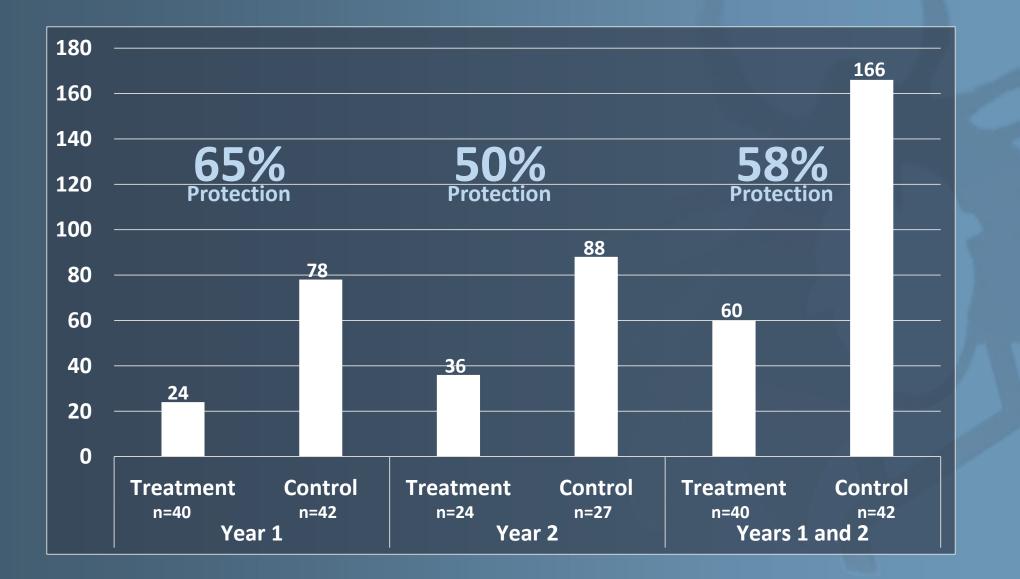
Study participant enrollment randomization and follow-up



Incidence of work-related tick encounters



Incidence of work-related tick bites



Conclusions

- Permethrin is approved by the US EPA
- Labelled to repel, knockdown and kill many arthropod vectors

Treatment of clothing decreases your risk of tick encounters

"Do It Yourself"

- 6 washes
- ~1.5 months
- Incrementally cheaper

Factory treatment

- 70 washes
- ~1.5 years
- Can be costly

I would like to thank:

- Dr. Thomas Mather (Principal Investigator)
- Dr. Steven Meshnick (Principal Investigator)
- Feng-Chang Lin (Statistician)
- Cedar Mitchell (Graduate Student)
- Jason Griffin, Ginger Swaim and Insect Shield (Organizing Clothing Treatments)
- Study Participants

This research was supported by the National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health (R01 OH010791-01A1 to TR and SRM)